FEDERAL RESERVE BANK OF NEW YORK

[Circular No. 2389] March 6, 1942]

Operating Ratios of Member Banks in the Second Federal Reserve District for the Year 1941

To all Member Banks in the Second Federal Reserve District:

The annual compilation of operating ratios of member banks in the Second Federal Reserve District for 1941 is presented on the following pages for your information and use. The form of presentation has been changed somewhat this year, both as to the grouping of banks and as to the arrangement of the ratios.

As in previous years the banks outside New York City have been grouped according to the amount of total deposits, but the number of groups has been extended to include two additional groups-banks with deposits under \$500,000 and banks with deposits over \$20,000,000. Furthermore, the method of subgrouping has also been changed. In past years it was customary to subdivide the different sized groups according to proportion of time deposits to total deposits. For some years this appeared to be the most significant basis of subgrouping the banks, as the proportion of bank funds employed in loans and in investments, and the proportion of current income disbursed for the principal items of expense, varied in a general way with the character of the banks' deposits. However, a recent study made by the Research Department of this bank indicated that the developments of recent years had largely destroyed these relationships. Banks generally have invested much larger amounts of the funds at their disposal in United States Government securities, regardless of the character of their deposits, and banks which formerly did a predominantly commercial banking business have, in most cases, been unable to employ so much of their funds in loans. It has been found that a greater degree of correlation now exists between earning, expense, and profit ratios and the proportion of total assets in the form of loans. Consequently, the groupings of banks by size have been subdivided, for 1941, according to the proportion of loans to total assets. As a result of these new groupings, individual banks may compare their ratios with the average ratios of banks whose operations are more closely comparable with their own.

In the arrangement of the ratios, consideration has been given to their sequence in the order of probable interest to the banker, and self-explanatory headings have been selected for the various groups of ratios. The ratios that summarize the results of the year's operations are shown first. For example, the first group indicates the rate of return on invested capital and dividends declared. The next group shows the ratios of earnings and expenses to total assets, after which follows the group of ratios setting forth the sources and the disposition of earnings in per cent of total earnings. Other groups show the rates of earnings on loans and on securities, the distribution of assets, and certain capital and deposit ratios.

The average percentage of net profits to capital funds for all groups (ratio 2) increased in 1941 to 5.5 per cent from 4.3 per cent in 1940. The improvement in net profits was chiefly the result of a smaller percentage of losses and depreciation of assets, together with an increase in the amount of income derived from loans. Total expenses absorbed a smaller part of total earnings owing chiefly to a reduction in the amount of interest paid on time deposits, which was only partially offset by an increase in the amounts paid for salaries and taxes. The lowest ratios of net current earnings and net profits to capital funds were reported by banks with deposits of less than \$500,000 that had small percentages of loans to total assets. Relatively heavy capitalization of such banks (ratios 34 and 35) was a factor in their low rates of earnings. The large New York City banks had somewhat higher ratios of net current earnings to capital funds in 1941 than in 1940, but their net profits were only slightly larger, as net recoveries and profits on securities sold were slightly smaller, and charge-offs on loans were somewhat larger.

The average ratio of total current earnings to total assets (ratio 4), which had declined for a number of years, remained unchanged from 1940, at 3.3 per cent. A further reduction in the average rate of return on securities was counterbalanced by an increased volume of loans, on which the rate of return, although unchanged from 1940, was higher than on securities. The proportion of idle funds in 1941 (cash assets, ratio 32) remained approximately the same as in the preceding year for all banks, although it declined somewhat for New York City banks. The ratio of total expenses to total assets (ratio 5) which had declined practically every year since 1932, was unchanged from 1940, at 2.4 per cent.

As a result of rapid expansion in the volume of loans and also of investments, the ratio of capital accounts to loans, securities, and real estate (ratio 34) declined in 1941, especially in the large New York City banks, where it fell from 17.5 per cent in 1940 to 15.4 in 1941. The ratio of capital accounts to deposits (ratio 35) continued the downward tendency of previous years, reflecting the persistent growth of deposits while capital accounts remained relatively unchanged.

ALLAN SPROUL, President.

Average Operating Ratios of Member Banks Grouped According to Size of Deposits and Proportion of Loans to Total Assets - 1941 All ratios are expressed in percentages and are arithmetical averages of the ratios of individual banks in each group, rather than ratios based on aggregate dollar figures

	A	LL BAN	KS	GR	OUP I-T	Deposits u	nder \$500	.000								DE GREATER NEW YORK				P IV-Deposits \$5,000,000 to \$20,000,000] GROUE				GROUP V	MEMBER BANKS IN GREATER NEW YOR		YOUR
		15	las s	Group	GROUP I-Deposits under \$500,000 roup Loans to Total Assets, Per cent				Group	Loans	to Total	Assets, Per cent		Group	Loans	to Total	ssets, Per cent		Group	Loans	to Total	Assets, I	Per cent	Banks with Deposits over	GROUP VI	GROUP VII Deposits over	FIGUR (Include
Lindow Later and the projection	1939	1940	1941	Average	Under 20	20-29.9	30-39.9	30-39.9 40 and up		Under 20 20-29		9 30-39.9 40 and u		Average	Under 20	20-29.9	30-39.9	40 and up	Average	Under 20 20-29.9		30-39.9	40 and up	\$20,000,000	\$100,000,000	\$100,000,000	Group
SUMMARY RATIOS Number of Banks	745	744	772	75	6	14	18	37	334	61	85	77	111	177	34	54	47	42	110	21	38	31	20	25	34	17	
Percentage of Total Capital Accounts		1 33	1	1999		Sec. 1		a series	100			1.1															
1. Net current earnings		6.8	7.1	5.7	3.2	3.5	4.7	7.5	7.0	4.4	5.5	7.1	9.4	7.8	6.2	6.3	7.8	11.0	7.4	4.1	6.5	8.4	11.1	7.8	6.8	5.7	
2. Net profits	4.0	4.3	5.5	4.8	3.0	2.8	4.0	6.3	5.7	5.1	4.8	5.1	7.2	5.2	5.5	4.7	4.9	5.9	6.1	5.6	5.7	6.3	7.3	4.5	4.9	5.6	
3. Cash dividends declared	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.2	1.9	1.2	0.8	1.2	1.8	1.5	1.7	2.1	2.0	1.8	1.7	1.8	1.8	2.1	2.2	1.7	2.3	2.2	2.4	2.7	1.7	4.1	
Percentage of Total Assets	ni 160	107	pulling.	lo stor	PA BIT	10 00	assing	長続																			
4. Total earnings	3.5	3.3	3.3	3.8	3.3	3.2	3.6	4.2	3.4	2.6	3.0	3.4	4.1	3.2	2.6	2.9	3.1	3.8	3.0	2.3	2.8	3.3	3.6	2.6	3.4	1.6	
5. Total expenses	2.6	2.4	2.4	2.8	2.7	2.5	2.7	3.1	2.5	2.0	2.3	2.5	2.9	2.3	1.9	2.2	2.3	2.7	2.2	1.9	2.1	2.4	2.5	1.9	2.7	1.1	
6. Net current earnings	0.9	0.9	0.9	1.0	0.6	0.7	0.9	1.1	0.9	0.6	0.7	0.9	1.2	0.9	0.7	0.7	0.8	1.1	0.8	0.4	0.7	0.9	1.1	0.7	0.7	0.5	
7. Net profits	0.5	0.5	0.7	0.8	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.9	0.8	0.7	0.6	0.7	0.9	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.4	0.6	0.5	
OURCES AND DISPOSITION OF EARNINGS			Circles I	2 9888) 3 9888	111 . 1178-111	in and	1000	tan air				1															
Percentage of Total Earnings	A -1.	1 m	Col march	and an	1.5		1 artis	month				1.0															
8. Interest and discount on loans	47.2	50.8	52.7	61.2	36.3	46.5	59.2	71.8	54.8	31.4	47.9	57.7	70.9	50.9	31.6	46.7	55.8	66.3	48.1	31.1	43.8	52.5	67.0	44.1	53.7	34.1	
9. Interest and dividends on securities	36.6	32.8	31.1	27.3	51.8	42.3	29.1	16.7	31.8	56.7	37.5	28.4	16.2	31.9	54.2	36.3	25.1	15.8	32.5	49.1	35.1	28.0	17.2	33.9	18.2	36.3	
10. Service charges on deposit accounts	6.3	6.9	7.2	5.9	4.7	6.1	6.2	5.9	6.8	6.4	7.5	7.0	6.3	7.4	6.3	6.9	8.4	8.1	6.8	7.3	7.1	6.4	6.7	5.0	16.6	3.5	
11. All other earnings	9.9	9.5	9.0	5.6	7.2	5.1	5.5	5.6	6.6	5.5	7.1	6.9	6.6	9.8	7.9	10.1	10.7	9.8	12.6	12.5	14.0	13.1	9.1	17.0	11.5	26.1	
12. Total earnings	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
13. Trust department earnings (included in item 11) *	4.3	4.0	4.0	.* 38.	0 1* 00	12 * 27	nd +194	*	1.9	1.3	1.9	2.6	2.0	2.3	2.0	2.3	2.8	2.1	4.5	3.5	5.7	4.2	3.1	5.5	11.3	15.2	
14. Salaries and wages	28.7	29.8	30.5	31.9	45.4	33.9	31.9	28.9	30.1	34.2	31.9	29.3	27.0	28.9	28.4	30.0	29.0	27.9	30.6	34.3	31.7	28.8	27.1	30.3	37.7	33.5	
15. Interest on time deposits	19.8	18.2	16.2	16.7	11.4	19.1	16.9	16.6	17.4	19.8	17.1	17.6	16.2	17.5	21.1	18.6	16.9	13.9	16.7	21.3	16.1	16.6	13.5	10.6	6.6	1.4	
16. Taxes other than real estate	2.1	3.0	3.5	2.7	3.1	2.7	3.0	2.5	3.5	3.4	3.4	3.2	4.1	3.4	3.1	3.4	3.4	3.7	3.3	3.6	3.1	2.6	4.4	2.9	5.6	6.7	
17. All other expenses	23.8	24.3	24.2	24.5	24.0	24.8	23.5	25.0	23.3	22.7	24.0	23.2	23.1	23.7	21.6	23.8	24.2	24.8	24.2	23.4	24.3	24.0	25.2	28.1	30.4	27.2	1
18. Total expenses	74.4	75.3	74.4	75.8	83.9	80.5	75.3	73.0	74.3	80.1	76.4	73.3	70.4	73.5	74.2	75.8	73.5	70.3	74.8	82.6	75.2	72.0	70.2	71.9	80.3	68.8	
19. Net current earnings	25.6	24.7	25.6	24.2	16.1	19.5	24.7	27.0	25.7	19.9	23.6	26.7	29.6	26.5	25.8	24.2	26.5	29.7	25.2	17.4	24.8	28.0	29.8	28.1	19.7	31.2	
20. Net charge-offs † (net recoveries +)	9.5	8.3	5.1	7.7	+0.9	5.0	20.2	4.0	3.9	+3.7	2.0	7.9	6.6	8.0	2.2	5.7	9.4	14.0	2.9	+8.8	2.7	6.4	10.3	10.0	3.1	+0.7	
21. Net profits	16.1	16.4	20.5	16.5	17.0	14.5	4.5	23.0	21.8	23.6	21.6	18.8	23.0	18.5	23.6		17.1	15.7	22.3	26.2	22.1	21.6	19.5	18.1	16.6	31.9	
ATES OF EARNINGS ON LOANS AND SECURITIES				1.000										10.0	20.0	10.0											-
Percentage of Total Loans	11 254	18 11-1	13 1913	Call (E)	11 (CF)8	seasod x	10018	Sunn				1															
22. Interest and discount on loans	5.4	5.3	5.3	6.1	7.0	6.1	6.0	5.9	5.7	5.6	5.7	5.7	5.7	5.3	5.3	5.4	5.1	5.2	4.9	4.8	4.8	4.1	5.0	4.1	4.8	2.7	
23. Recoveries on loans	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.1	0.6				0.5	0.5			0.00 0.00					0.5	0.9	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.4	1250235	0.3	
24. Charge-offs on loans	0.9		1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1	111-228	Contraction in the	1111 123	0.3	0.5	0.4			0.4	0.4	0.6	0.7	0.5	0.5	0.6				0.4		0004000	0.4	100000	
Percentage of Total Securities	A CHESSER	0.8	0.6	0.5	0	0.5	0.4	0.6	0.5	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.8	0.5	0.8	0.7	0.9	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.0	0.6	1.2	1.0	0.6	
25. Interest and dividends on securities	10476	201.21	NEER 10	1000222	152 Gob	C-116-20	8201-70	27911						1													
26. Recoveries on securities	0.1	2.9	2.6	3.2	3.4	3.3	3.0	3.2	2.8	2.7	2.7	2.8	2.8	2.5	2.6	2.4	2.4	2.6	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.4	2.4	2.1	2.3	1.6	
	1	0.5	0.5	0.7	0.7	0.9	0.2	0.8	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.7	0.7	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.6	0.4	0.5	0.4	0.6	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.3	
27. Profits on securities sold		dis stary	0.8	0.7	0.2	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.7	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.8	0.9	0.8	0.7	1.0	0.9	0.8	0.8	1.1	0.5	1.3	0.9	0.7	
28. Charge-offs on securities	1.9	1.5	1.1	1.0	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.2	1.2	0.8	0.9	1.5	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.0	1.1	1.5	1.0	0.8	0.8	1.5	1.1	1.1	0.6	0.8	_
ISTRIBUTION OF ASSETS		1.1.19	14:0.15	Wamo	bad	dead	110 2	aY he	6																		
Percentage of Total Assets	10.00	Land	s ghie	62598	ethoro	ten - 1	end: a	NO. DA	1																1000	10000	
29. Loans	31.6	32.6	33.0	39.7	17.0	24.1	34.6	51.7	33.8	14.7	25.1	33.7	50.9	31.3	15.6	25.4	34.1	48.4	29.9	14.7	25.4	34.0	48.2	27.1	39.6	21.1	
30. Securities	40.1	36.5	36.5	31.1	51.0	42.0	34.8	22.0	36.3	55.2	41.9	34.5	23.0	38.9	55.4	44.8	33.8	23.5	40.1	49.5	43.5	39.1	25.1	38.2	25.1	37.6	
31. Real estate assets	3.8	3.4	3.1	2.7	1.7	2.9	2.1	3.0	3.0	2.5	2.9	3.2	3.0	3.5	2.3	3.5	4.3	3.6	3.4	2.9	3.5	3.9	3.1	3.7	1.9	1.4	
32. Cash assets	24.2	27.3	27.2	26.5	30.3	30.9	28.4	23.3	26.8	27.4	29.9	28.4	22.9	26.1	26.5	26.0	27.5	24.3	26.2	32.7	27.3	22.3	23.3	30.4	32.5	39.3	
Percentage of Total Loans	(Tribug	bia an	then a	induiti	akw .	Mel. a	off la	ganos	1	140			George 1	-													
33. Personal and retail instalment paper * (see Note)	**	**	10.5	11.1	12.7	10.5	9.8	11.6	11.7	9.4	8.5	11.0	15.5	10.0	5.7	6.8	9.8	17.8	7.6	4.7	6.5	9.3	10.6	8.5	15.0	4.1	
APITAL AND DEPOSIT RATIOS — In Percentage			1.00	8.101	1 233° 3	2014	651.	a) is	1	0				1													
34. Capital accounts to loans, securities, and real estate assets	18.5	18.9	18.1	24.6	31.7	26.8	27.5	21.1	19.4	20.2	21.1	19.0	18.0	16.1	16.5	16.7	16.1	14.8	15.0	16.1	15.3	14.9	13.2	13.4	16.2	15.4	
35. Capital accounts to deposits	16.5	16.0	15.3	22.3	28.5	22.8	25.2	19.6	16.6	17.0	17.4	15.8	16.4	13.5	13.8	14.0	13.4	12.6	12.3	11.7	12.4	13.1	11.2	10.3	12.4	10.1	
36. Real estate assets to capital accounts	30.9	28.3	26.4	16.7	7.9	19.2	13.1	19.0	23.3	18.9	24.0	25.1	24.0	32.2	20.6	30.9	40.1	34.4	33.3	29.1	34.3	36.0	31.6	43.1	19.6	18.2	
37. Time deposits to total deposits	57.0	56.0	54.0	52.9	33.7	49.8	50.8	58.2	57.6	57.6	54.5	59.0	58.9	59.5	64.4	59.5	59.1	55.9	54.4	55.4	53.4	55.2	54.2	34.9	29.0	6.5	
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* Banks not reporting this item, or reporting zero amounts were excluded in computing this average, and figures are not shown where there were fewer than 3 banks in a group. ** Not available.

[†] Total charge-offs (including those on banking house, furniture and fixtures, etc., as well as on loans and securities) less profits on securities sold and recoveries.

Note: Balance sheet figures used as a basis for the ratios are averages of amounts reported for December 31, 1940, and April 4, June 30, and September 24, 1941, except that in the case of item 33 (personal and retail instalment paper) only June 30 figures were used.

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Prepared by

FINANCIAL STATISTICS DIVISION RESEARCH DEPARTMENT

> FEDERAL RESERVE BANK OF NEW YORK

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